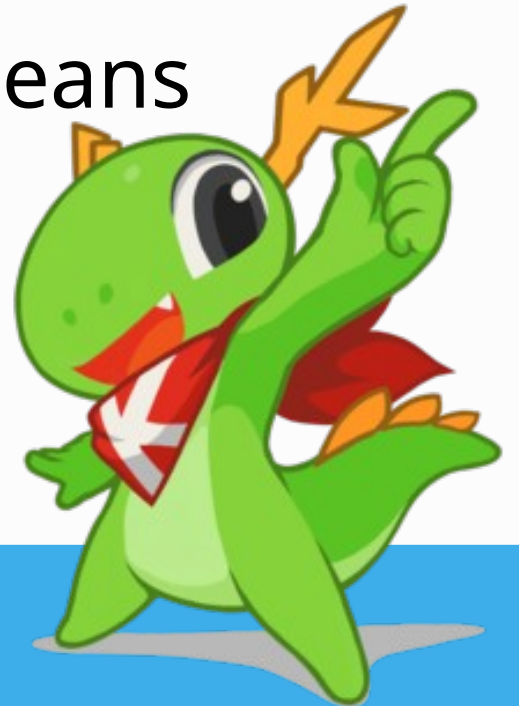




What packaging format changes means for wider KDE

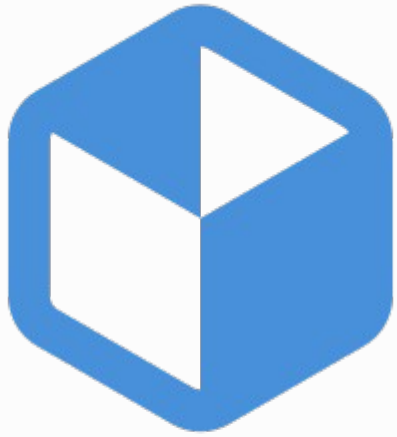
Sept 2024, Akademy
David Edmundson

davidedmundson@kde.org
[@d_ed](https://twitter.com/d_ed)





What packaging formats am I rambling about

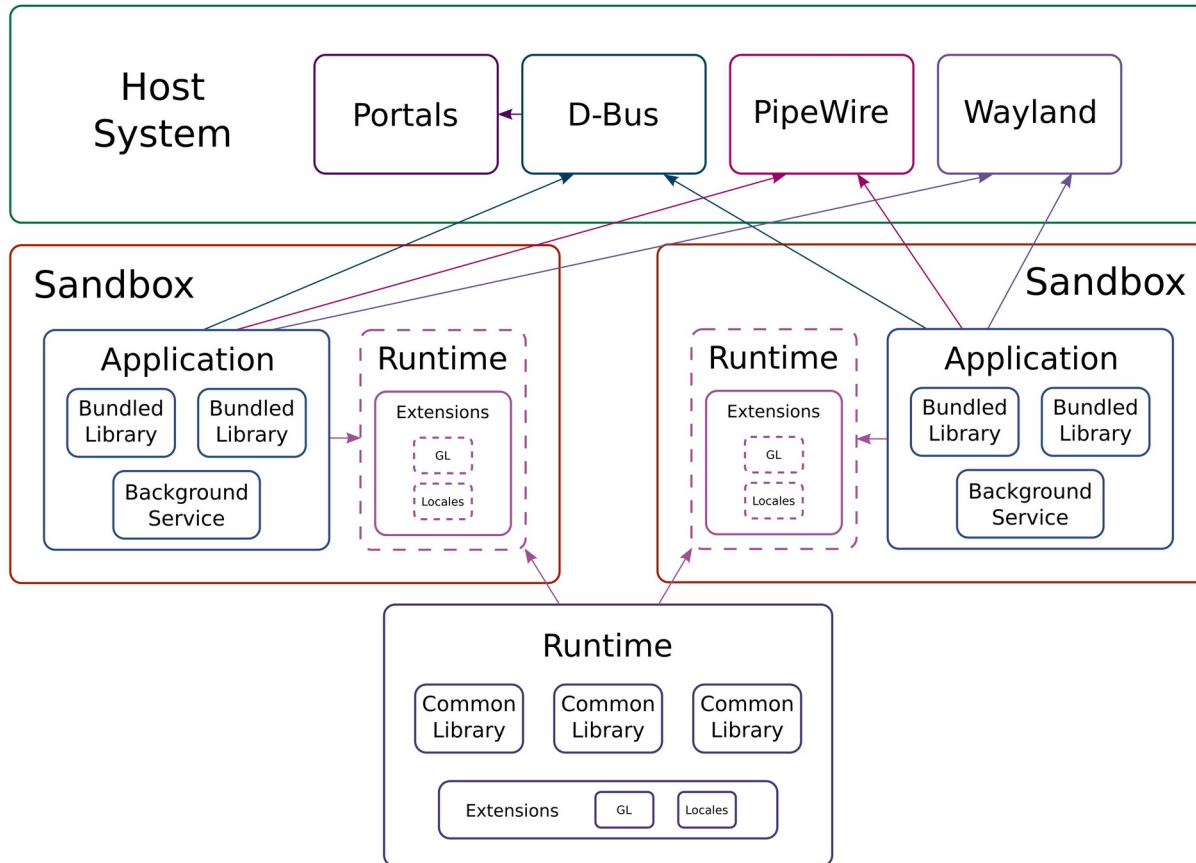


Flatpak





New packaging





They're amazing!



My moment of enlightenment:
Development



My moment of enlightenment:
Security



My moment of enlightenment:
We don't have a choice!



Immutable Linuxes are coming up everywhere



fedora
SILVERBLUE



ubuntu core

 MicroOS

 bazzite **3.0**



Vanilla



SteamOS 3.0



What is Immutable Linux

- Read only root file system
- Atomically update the whole system at once
- Apps can only be installed via container tech



FACT!

***Most Linux users will use an immutable distro
within 5 years***



What we need to deliver

- Our apps need to be available in Flatpaks
- The base outside apps (Plasma) needs to be small
- The base outside apps (Plasma) needs to be robust and secure
- The app SDK needs to work for developers
- Working integration between apps and Plasma



What is the state in KDE?



Making it more than an afterthought



Security Overview



- By default:
 - No access to home directories or root file system
 - No access to devices
 - Dbus traffic goes through a proxy, messages go in, but not out
 - The host only sees a handful of installed files*:
 - Single .desktop file in `$XDG_DATA_DIRS/applications`
 - Dbus service activation file
 - Icon



Sandboxed Apps: Runtime permissions

- Additional tasks can be obtained via the portal.
 - Open a URL in another app
 - Open/Save a specific file
 - Start a screencast
 - Etc.



Static permissions

- Somewhat a fallback
- Flathub gives scary warnings



Potentially unsafe

Full file system read/write access; Can access some specific files; Legacy windowing system



S

FACT!

The permissions model and warnings will get stricter over time



Changes in Frameworks



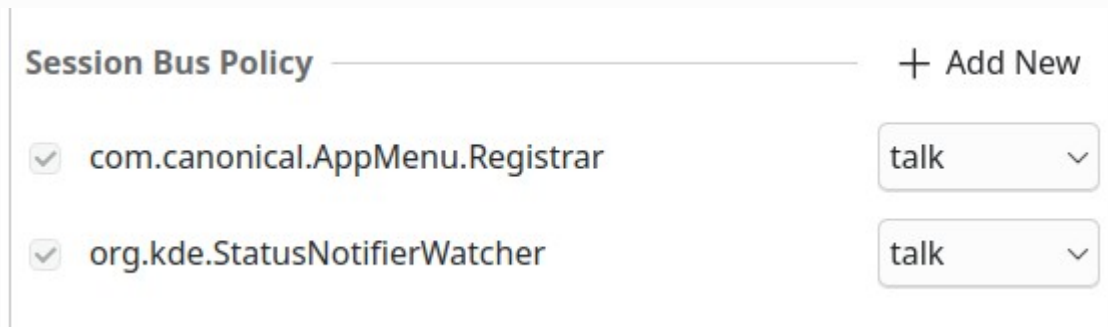
Examples:

Case Study: System Tray Icons



System Tray Icons

- Out the box, KstatusNotifierItem or QsystemTrayIcon fail!
- Can be fixed with a static permission



- `--talk-name=org.kde.StatusNotifierWatcher`
- No documentation on KStatusNotifierItem or QSystemTrayIcon mention this



Alternative fixes:

- Rename `org.kde.StatusNotifierWatcher` to `org.freedesktop.portal.kde.StatusNotifierWatcher`
- Make it a proper portal API....by talking to people



Case Study: KConfig



- Base systems + packages on Linux distros typically only get upgraded
- With these formats the option to upgrade and downgrades is surfaced a lot more user-facing
- We do not handle this well!



Kconfig - kdeglobals

- Kconfig has a mechanism to mix application configuration and system wide configuration completely transparently loading a second config file “kdeglobals”
- In Flatpak, if we want to access global configuration it needs a completely separate explicit path...
- Making is transparent is the worst thing we can do



Case Study: KWallet



The way it's meant to work:

- A Portal API gives the application *A SINGLE* key which has been decrypted from the host's password store
- This key can then be used by the app to open decrypt/encrypt it's own passwords on disk

- Our APIs do not do any of this
- There cannot be a global password manager*



Case Study: KIO



KIO

- Does KIO workers work in a Flatpak?
- Sort of – we bundle our plugins

- Password sharing doesn't work
- File change notification doesn't work



KIO – Compared to GVFS

- Network file access work without the app having network access
- Apps can access* the GVFS daemons on the host and use them
- Can expose the equivalent to kio-fuse to “legacy” apps



Overall SDK Design



Overall SDK Design

- KF5 layered things based on dependencies
- We need to think about intended usage
- If it doesn't work in a Flatpak, it shouldn't be in an SDK for Flatpak apps



Example – Does KDBusAddons make sense in
contained apps?



Example:

- `KDBusAddons::KDBusService` – YES!
- `KDBusAddons::KDedModule` – NO!
- `KDBusAddons::KupdateLaunchEnvJob` – NO!



Thinking about an SDK

- Does KAuth belong in an app SDK?
- Should Baloo be in the SDK?
- Does KPurpose work properly?
- Which other libraries should be included, and which others are niche enough to be built by just the application



Better Flaptak's integration within Plasma



Styles



Application Style — System Settings

Colours & Themes | Application Style | Configure Icons and Toolbars... | Configure GNOME/GTK Application Style...

- Global Theme
- Colours
- Night Light
- Application Style**
- Plasma Style
- Window Decorations
- Icons
- Cursors
- System Sounds
- Splash Screen
- Login Screen (SDDM)

Breeze

Tab 1 | Tab 2

- Tick box
- Radio button
- Radio button
- Combo box
- Push Button
- 0
- 70%

Fusion

Tab 1 | Tab 2

- Tick box
- Radio button
- Radio button
- Combo box
- Push Button
- 0
- 70%

MS Windows 9x

Tab 1 | Tab 2

- Tick box
- Radio button
- Radio button
- Combo box
- Push Button
- 0
- 70%

Oxygen

Tab 1 | Tab 2

- Tick box
- Radio button
- Radio button
- Combo box
- Push Button
- 0
- 70%



- It works if you have (manually!) installed the matching style plugin on every KDE runtime version
- Even if it did work, it undermines the sandboxing

We need to:

- Move away from plugins to configure apps



Plasma Integration QPT

- Every configuration key we use in plasma-integration / breeze needs to have a stability promise
- Should this repo be in lock-step with Plasma releases?



Can we use container tech to
Improve Plasma?



Case Study: KRunner



Krunner: A near success story!

- Used to be a plugin system, apps and third parties wrote plugins for krunner
- Ported to be external processes via Dbus and a metadata file
- Krunner then calls into the app asking for results



Krunner: The bad

- Users started shipping scripted content on GHNS, great!
Over 50 new plugins!
- Then those scripts started calling apt-get, pacman etc. to make them work properly...
- Result is a mess.



Krunner: Why the right way doesn't work

- We want the runners to be in flatpaks themselves
- Doesn't work installed from flatpak because we rely on the desktop file existing in `/usr/share/krunner/dbusplugins!`
- Krunner can't see unexported files



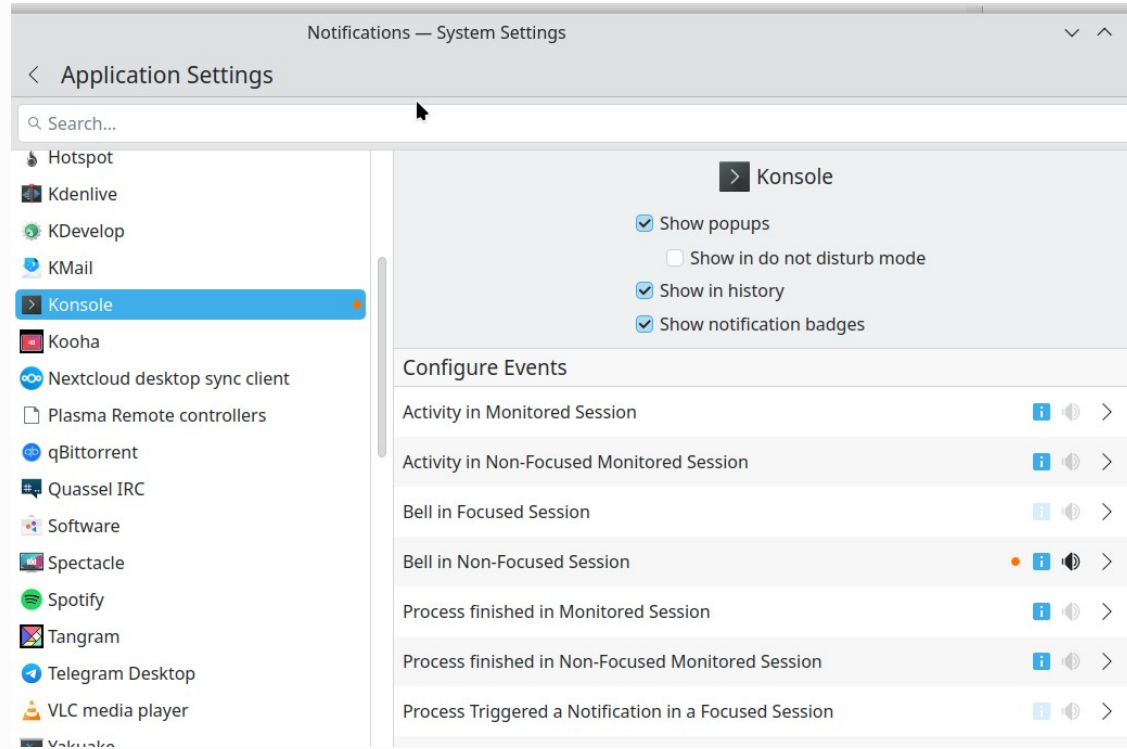
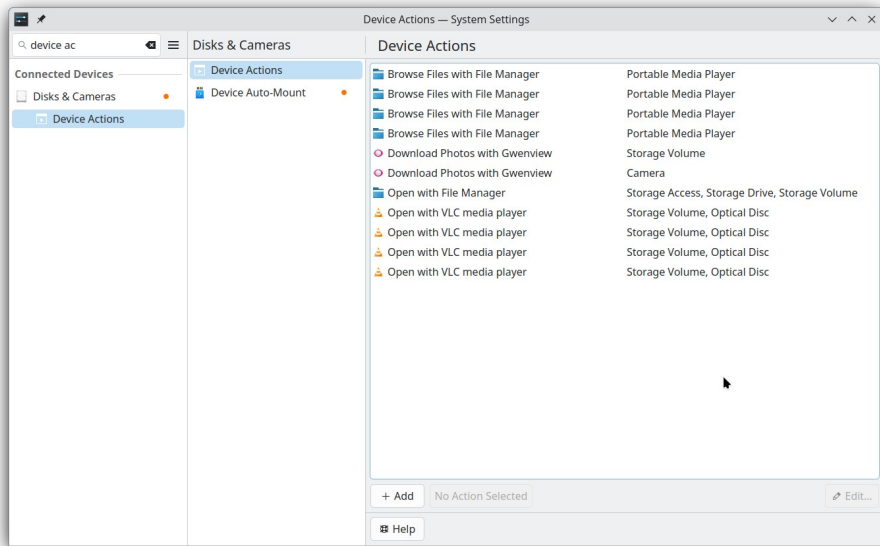
Krunner: Fixes!

- Fixing is easy – use the main application .desktop file
- (WIP branch + demo posted)

- Gnome has a similar problem with their “gnome-search”, which has an identical design.
- They patched flatpak to also export this file!



Other app extension points





Case Study: File Thumbnails



- Currently shipped as plugins that have to match the application version
- New apps in Flatpak cannot install new thumbnailers
- They run on the host system completely un-isolated
- There is work by Akseli that addresses both of these



What do we support from containers next?

- System Setting Modules
- Applets
- Wallpapers



Questions?